#### **Assignment**

#### **Class - 12**

#### **Subject: Chemistry (Unit 2 and 3)**

#### Unit 2- P Block elements -I

#### Part - A

I. C	Choose the correc	t answer.			
1. <i>P</i>	An aqueous solution a) Neutral	of borax is b) Acidic	c) Basic	d) Amphoteric	
2. V	Which of the followin a) Aluminium	ng metals has the I b) Calcium	largest abundance in c) Magnesium	the earth's crust? d) Sodium	
3. I	n diborane, the num a) Six	b) Two	hat accounts for bana c) Four	ana bonds is d) Three	
4. Т	The element that doe a) Carbon	es not show catena b) Silicon	_	wing p-block elements is Germanium	
5. C	Carbon atoms in full a) sp <sup>3</sup> hybridised c) sp <sup>2</sup> hybridised	1:	o) sp hybridised	artially sp <sup>3</sup> hybridised	
6. (	Oxidation state of car a) + 4	rbon in its hydridd b) - 4	es c) + 3	d) + 2	
7. V	Which of the followin a) Graphite	ng is not sp <sup>2</sup> hybrid b) Grapheme	dised? c) Fullerene	d) Dry ice	
8. Т	The geometry at which a) Tetrahedral		diamond are bonded c) Octahedral	l to each other is d) None of these	
9. 1	Thermodynamically t a) Diamond	the most stable for b) Graphite	rm of carbon is c) Fullerene	d) None of these	
10 .The compounds that is used in nuclear reactors as protective shields and control rods is					
.04		•	c) Metal carbonates <b>Part</b> – <b>B</b>	d) Metal carbide	
			rail — D		

#### II.Very Short Answer.

- 1. What is catenation? Describe briefly the catenation property of carbon.
- 2. Give the uses of silicones.
- 3. AlCl<sub>3</sub> behaves like a lewis acid. Substantiate this statement.
- 4. Write a note on metallic nature of p-block elements.
- 5. CO is a reducing agent . Justify with an example.

#### Part - C

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#### III. Short Answer.

- 1. How will you identify borate radical?
- 2. Give the uses of Borax.
- 3. Give the structure of CO and CO<sub>2</sub>.
- 4. Write a note on Fisher Tropsch Synthesis.
- 5. Write a short note on anamolous properties of the first element of p-block.

#### Part – D

#### IV.Write in detail.

- 1. Describe the structure of diborane.
- 2. Write a note on zeolites.

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#### Part - A

#### I. Choose the correct answer.

1. An element belongs to group 15 and 3	rd period of the periodic table, its			
electronic configuration would be				
a) $1s^2 2s^2 2p^4$	b) 1s <sup>2</sup> 2s <sup>2</sup> 2p <sup>3</sup>			
c) 1s <sup>2</sup> 2s <sup>2</sup> 2p <sup>6</sup> 3s <sup>2</sup> 3p <sup>2</sup>	d) $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^3$			
2. P <sub>4</sub> O <sub>6</sub> reacts with cold water to give				
a) H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>3</sub>	b) H <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>			
c) HPO <sub>3</sub>	d) H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>			
The basicity of ortho phosphorus acid ( H <sub>4</sub> PO <sub>3</sub> ) is				
a) 3	b) 2			
c) 1	d) 4			
4. Among the following, which is the stron	Among the following, which is the strongest oxidizing agent?			
a) Cl <sub>2</sub>	b) F <sub>2</sub>			
c) Br <sub>2</sub>	d) I <sub>2</sub>			
5. Most easily liquefiable gas is	Most easily liquefiable gas is			
a) Ar	b) Ne			
c) He	d) Kr			
Which is the strongest acid among the hydrogen halide				
a) HI	b) HF			
c) HBr	d) HCl			
When copper is heated with Conc HNO <sub>3</sub> it produces				
a) $Cu(NO_3)_2$ , NO and $NO_2$	b) $Cu(NO_3)_2$ and $N_2O$			
c) Cu(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> and NO <sub>2</sub>	d) Cu(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> and NO			

8. The oxidation state of oxy	gen in OF <sub>2</sub> is		
a) +2	b) -2		
c) +1	d) 0		
9. The radioactive inert gas	is		
a) He	b) Ne		
c) Ar	d) Rn		
10. An example for interhalo	ogen compound is		
a) IC1	b) BrF <sub>3</sub>		
c) IF <sub>7</sub>	d) All the above		
	Part – B		
II.Very Short Answer.			
1. What is inert pair effect?			
2. What are inter halogen co	mpounds? Give examples.		
3. Mention any two uses of o	chlorine.		
4. Give a test for sulphate io	n.		
5. Write down the hybridisar	tion and shape for the compounds of Xenon		
a) XeF <sub>4</sub> b) XeO <sub>3</sub>			
	Part – C		
III. Short Answer.			
1. Give the reason to suppor	Give the reason to support the sulphuric acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ) is a dehydrating		
agent.			
2. Give the uses of helium.			
3. Write the structural form	ula and molecular formula for the following		

compounds. a) Nitric acid b) Phosphoric acid

4. Why HF is a weak acid, where as the binary acids of all others  $\mbox{\bf WWW.Waytosuccess.org}$ 

halogens are strong acids?

5. Write the reason for the anamolous behaviour of nitrogen.

### Part - D

#### IV.Write in detail.

- 1. Explain Deacons process.
- 2. Complete the following reactions.
  - i.  $Na_2SiO_3 + 6HF \rightarrow$
  - ii.  $XeO_2F_2 + SiO_2 \rightarrow$
- iii.  $P_4$  + NaOH +  $H_2O \rightarrow$
- iv. NaCl + MnO<sub>2</sub> +  $H_2SO_4 \rightarrow$
- v.  $KClO_3 \rightarrow$